



Sample

# CONVERSION SERVICES

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Conversion of eLearning Modules from Flash  
to HTML.

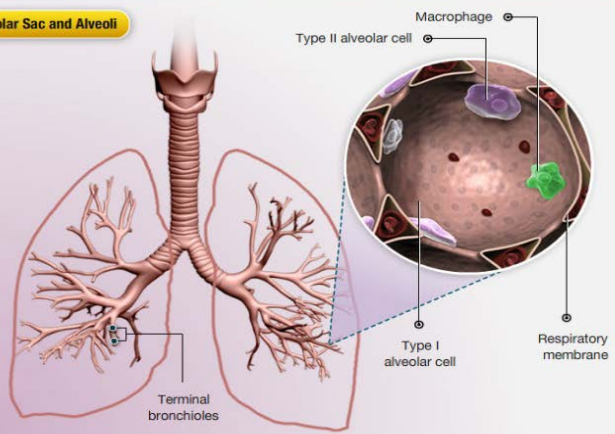


# Conversion of eLearning Modules from Flash to HTML

Respiratory Zone | Alveolar Sac and Alveoli

GLOSSARY Az HELP ? PRINT

### Alveolar Sac and Alveoli



Terminal bronchioles

Type II alveolar cell

Macrophage

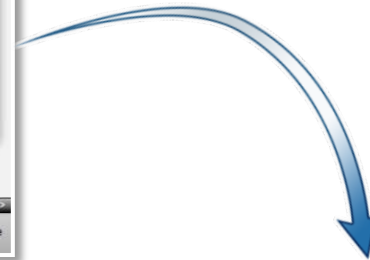
Type I alveolar cell

Respiratory membrane

A respiratory bronchiole leads into one or more alveolar ducts. These alveolar ducts open into a number of alveolar sacs. Each alveolar sac is made up of two or more alveoli, which are thin-walled, grapelike structures. Overall, there are more than 300 million alveoli in the lungs.[1,2]

The walls of the alveoli are composed of an extremely thin membrane (only one-cell thick). Together, the alveolar and capillary walls are referred to as the respiratory membrane. Each alveolus shares a wall with an adjoining alveolus and has small holes called alveolar pores, which allow airflow between adjacent alveolar sacs. These pores serve two important functions. They equalize air

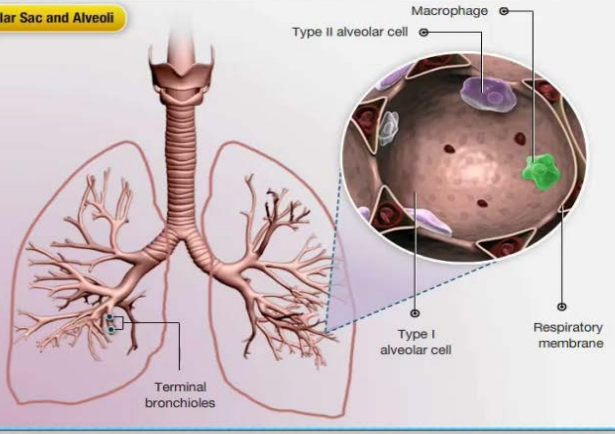
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Respiratory Zone | Alveolar Sac and Alveoli

Help Transcript Glossary X

### Alveolar Sac and Alveoli



Terminal bronchioles

Type II alveolar cell

Macrophage

Type I alveolar cell

Respiratory membrane

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The walls of the alveoli are composed of an extremely thin membrane (only one-cell thick). Together, the alveolar and capillary walls are referred to as the respiratory membrane. Each alveolus shares a wall with an adjoining alveolus and has small holes called alveolar pores, which allow airflow between adjacent alveolar sacs. These pores serve two important functions. They equalize air pressure throughout the lungs and allow fresh air to enter an alveolus whose terminal bronchiole may be blocked as a result of disease.[2]

Click the forward arrow to continue 28 of 53

# Conversion of eLearning Modules from Flash to HTML

The Central Nervous System

REFERENCES GLOSSARY PRINT HELP

Learning Activity

For each target, drag the appropriate label into place.

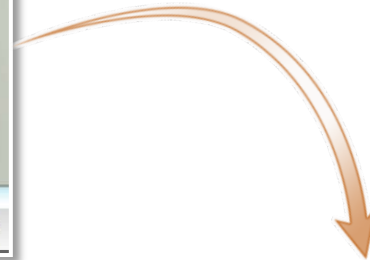
**Choices (click & drag)**

- Suppression of unwanted movements
- Perception of sensation
- Relay center in the forebrain
- Emotions
- Regulation of the biological clock

Reset

0 of 5 matches in 0 tries.

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The Central Nervous System

Help Transcript Glossary

Learning Activity

Choose the appropriate option:

Limbic system: Relay center in the forebrain (selected), Select one

Cerebral cortex: Relay center in the forebrain (selected), Select one

Basal ganglia: Select one

Thalamus: Select one

Pineal gland: Select one

Incorrect Selection. You have answered 0 of 5 Questions.

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